## 1928 Fourth Bureaus on Special Booklet Paper

ARMSTRONG CORK CO.


Wednesday, August 26, 2020
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SpecialHandling. Weebly.com


## Just Out Last October... 2019: <br> The 2020 Scott Specialized Catalogue



## And with it... My first centerfold!

## 2020 EDITION SPECIAL FEATURE

1928 Era "Special" Booklet Paper Variety Stamps
Now listed in the Scott catalogue

The following represents about ten years of effort.

## Placed with the Fourth Bureau Listings:

66

## 2020 EDITION SPECIAL FEATURE

1928 Era "Special" Booklet Paper Variety Stamps Now listed in the Scott catalogue

Robert G. Rufe

THE STAMPS: There are eleven popular U.S. issues, pecifically Scotl Nos. $563,564,566,567,568,569$, C1 E13, QE1, QE2 and QE3, with well-documented paper
varieties that are relatively unknown to the general collector. These same paper varieties, however, have long been included in most exhibits of the series in which they appear - the Fourth Bureau definitive series, the Beacon
Air Mail, and U.S. Special Delivery and Special Handling issues. The newly listed stomps within theese pages will carry the following numbers: 563b, 564b, 566a, 567b.
568 a , $569 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{C} 11 \mathrm{~b}, ~ E 13 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{QE1b}, \mathrm{QE} 2 \mathrm{~b}, \mathrm{QE} 3 \mathrm{~b}$. 568a, 569a, C11b, E13a, QE1b, QE2b, QE3b

INTRODUCTION: Eleven varieties of well-known U.S. tamps are added to this year's edition to recognize Cheir production for $\alpha$ limited period in 1928 on "Special"
Booklet Paper. This "Special" paper consisted of leftover Booklet Puper. This "Special" paper consisted of leftover
flat sheets of paper from stocks specified, purchased and intended for booklet pane production by the Bureau of Engraving and Pinting (BEP). The newly- isted varieties are readily identifiable, and many collectors
have recognized these stamps and added them to their collections since first reported by Hugh M. Southgate in
1940. 1940.

After the lost print run of booklet panes on the fllat
plate press (the Lindbergh booklet pane, Scott C10a).
the BEP had significant remaining inventory of "Special" Booklet Paper. These remnant booklet paper stocks were presses. All subsequent booklet pane production wos on rotary pressea. The C10a booklet stomps were last at press on April 10. 1928, and the first sheet stamps to utilize Special" Booklet Paper, the new Special Handling servic
stamps, first went to press on June 22,1928 .

BACEGROUND: Why the "Special" Poper? Sheet stamps were printed on paper whose normal grain
orientation was vertical, meaning that after stamps onentation was vertical, meaning that atter stamps
were printed on moistened paper, the designs had endency to shrink horizontally as the paper dried. Stamp paper shinks approximately four times more across the grain than with the grain, meaning that sheet stamps producing booklet panes, the BEP ordered "Special" Paper with the grain running horizontally, to assure greater
stability in the horizontal dimension. y in the horizontal dimension.

RATIONALE FOR LISTING: Definitive stomps which have been printed AND issued in both sheet stamp and booklet formats have traditionally carried major and
minor catalog numbers, respectively. However, sheet






stomps printed on "Special" Booklet Paper but NOT
issued as booklets have not previously been listed. The newly listed paper varieties are recognizably different newly heir sheet stamp counterparts, mand the identification
fruidelines which follow will highlight the differences.

HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT: The BEP had gone to great lengths to improve centering of images on bookle al was to print booklet ttamps on paper with the groin orientation turned $90^{\circ}$ to control shrinkage, improve
centering, and keep booklets in registration as they we interleaved, covered, bound stapled and trimmed. The BEP demonstrated its frugality by using remnont paper when flat press sheet supplies were no longe required for booklets as booklet production was to Coil Waste issues, these eleven sheet stamps were produced from "Booklet Remnant" paper stocks as a cost and resource savings measure. Since the "Special ten years atter their production, most of these stamps were used for routine postal purposes. Southgate did not report on the Special Handling issue at all, not realizing the entire rue of these new denomination printings in 1928
was on "Special' Booklet Paper, having been completed before the dates he was given.
IDENTIFICATION: With care and a bit of practice
identification is straightforward. Many collectors use
inexpensive templates to overicy a known stamp on the candidate. Frist, one must be sure to begin with the proper stomp. In all coses these will be flat plate press,
peri 11 stamps - no rotary press issues, and nothing with perf 11 stamps - no rotary press issues, and nothing with
perf. $10 \% / 2$ Plate blocks are typically shown in technical presentations because they make for the simplest introduction. The differences in shrinkage across two or
three stomps is usually dramotic. three stamps is usually dramatic. $563 \mathrm{~b}, 564 \mathrm{~b}$ and 566 a "ordina , he Fourth Bureau Nos. same manner that Washington-H are identified in the are separated from booklet pane stamps, ie the booklet stamps are slightly wider and shorter than the sheet stamps The Fourth But issues in this series as shown in Figure The Fourth Bureau horizontal format stomps, Nos.
$567 \mathrm{~b}, 568 \mathrm{a}$ and 569 a , are identified similaty, but $567 \mathrm{~b}, 568 \mathrm{a}$ and 569 a , are identified similarly, but in the
perpendicular orientation, i.e, these are slightly nawow perpendicular onientation,
ond taller than their sheet stamp counterparts. Figure 2. of-the-Book' issues Nos C11b, E13a, OE1b, OE2 of-the-Book" issues, Nos, C11b, E13a, QE1b, QE2b and
QE3b, are all horizontal format stamps normally printed on paper with the grain running vertically, so that they are the easiest to identify - the vertical design shrinkage on "Special" Booklet Puper with a horizontala grain divection is
minimal compared to paper in the normal orientation, but minimal compared to paper in the normal orientation, bu
the horizontal difterence in width is striking. Figure 3 . One elementary "low-tech" observation may help with
identification. In a humid environment, stamps will shrink identification. In a humid environment, stomps will shrink
and curl across the grain, allowing confirmation of the

## Four Pages - A Major Addition!

$\propto$


Figure 4 Pluin weler mprop will ban atamize en to to be revers side of a ued 0 Ez2l bint day plate He
direction of the paper groin. The horizontal groin direction
of Special Handling stamps was one key in determining
that all the 1928 stamps were on "Special" Booklet Paper. that all the
Flgure 4.
Challenge factor: -Special" Booklet Paper stamps are scarcer than their regular paper counterparts
Southgate reported the actual production of stamps on "Special" paper from BEP printing records, and as
a percentage of total stamps printed for each issue as

reported by Gary Griftith, these are:
$563 \mathrm{~b}(13 \%), 564 \mathrm{~b}$ ( $14 \%$ ), 566 a ( $3 \%$ ), 567 b (Not Reported).
 (100\%). QE3b (100\%).
Plate numbers are helppul, but not definitive. "Special"
Booklet Paper printing were limited to Booklet Puper pintings were limited to centain known
plate numbers, but all these plates were also used for normal sheet stamps. Table 1 .
While identification is straightforward care must be
exercised in the evaluation of multiples for the Fourth exercised in the evaluation of multiples for the Fourth Burecu issues, since margin gaps changed with the
introduction of star plates; some issues will have both introduction of star plates; some issues will have both 2.5
mm. and 3.0 mm gaps between stamps horizontally within the same e sheet.
The Beacon Air Mail. No. Cllib, may present the only
significant challenge for study, since many plate number


| Table 1. "Speciar Boclitet Puper-Mito Mumbers at Press from BixP Records |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scotilio. | Denom | Feto Mumbers mid Wotes |
| 563b | 11 e | 17617, 17618, 17619, 17620-All narrow gauge margins |
| 561b | $12 ¢$ | 18921, 18922, 18923, 1942-All wide gauge margins, no stars |
| 566a | 158 | 17130, 17431, 17432, 17133-All wide gauge margin, 5-point star plates |
| 567b | $20 \%$ | 18672, 18673, 18674, 18675, 18688, 18689-Wide gauge, star plates |
| 568a | 258 | 14062, 14063, 14064, 14065-All narrow gauge margins |
| 569a | 30 \% | 17446, 1744, , 17448, 17449-All wide gauge margink, no stars |
| Cllb | 5 S | Red (frame) Nos. 19571//19626; Blue (Vignete) Nos. 19545//19619 |
| El3a | 158 | 16833, 16834, 16835, 16836 |
| QEIb | 10e | 19553, 19554, 19555, 19556 |
| QE2b | 158 | 19557, 19558, 19559, 19560 |
| QE3b | 20e | 19511, 19542, 19513, 1954 |


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NG NECESSITIES

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This Special Feature now posted on the author's personal website, with the Scott Editor's permission: SpecialHandling. Weebly.com

## Introduction: <br> Editorial Commentary by Jay Bigalke

## Editorial enhancements

Editorial enhancements in the 2020 U.S. Specialized catalog are prolific.

Special Feature articles are included in this catalog for two important editorial enhancements.

After long research and documented proof, the Scott U.S. Specialized catalog now lists the "special" booklet paper stamps of 1928. This includes varieties from No. 563b through QE3b, 11 stamps in all. These listings will appear only in the U.S. Specialized catalog.

The second Special Feature provides details about the new "on cover" listings for the Kansas-Nebraska overprint issues of 1929 (Scott 658-679).

## So...

## What's the big deal?

## Scott doesn't add (many) new listings for "classic" stamps!

"Ah, Bob. You ask much of me. Without me spending days researching this question, let me just say that in fact many more listings are added each year than are deleted. Many more. In fact, I am constantly amazed how many new items are found after all these decades of collecting. Not so much in the front-of-the book areas, but mainly in the back-of-the-book areas. Without divulging upcoming Scott secrets too much, let me just say that the 2020 Scott U.S. Specialized catalog will introduce not only the Special Booklet Papers, but also more than 40 new Essays, many more new Test Stamps, perhaps 40 new Postal Counterfeits and one Revenue Counterfeit, Christmas Seal listings complete from 1980 to the present, many new tagging varieties and errors, a new Carrier lettered minor, several new Local unlettered minors, new Revenues, new Proof lettered varieties, new lettered Canal Zone errors, and perhaps $40+$ new Ryukyus overprint errors. Many more new U.S. Essays to come for 2021. Relay this to your club it you would like." Jim Kloetzel

## Here are the "NEW" $4^{\text {th }}$ Bureau stamps:

$$
\ldots \text { as of October } 1,2019!
$$

| The Fourth Bureau Stamps on SBP are Relatively Scarce - Not Catalog-Listed Printed from August 13 - September 24, 1928 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 27 - September 24, 1928 | July 27 - October 8, 1928 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Quantity Printed }-39,600,000(13.2 \% \text { of } 299 \mathrm{M} \text { total) } \\ 563 \underline{\underline{b-1}(\text { PSAG } 0576479)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 64,000,000 (14.3\% of } 448 \mathrm{M} \text { total) } \\ \text { 564b (PSE 01335651) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84,400,000(2.6 \% \text { of } 661 \mathrm{M} \text { total) } \\ \text { 566a (PSE 01335652) } \end{gathered}$ |
| July 27 - October 2, 1928 | July 27 - August 27, 1928 | August 14 - September 5, 1928 |
|  |  |  |
| Quantity Printed - Not Known (1,077M total) 567b (PSAG 0576481) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 13,200,000 ( } 12.2 \% \text { of } 108 \mathrm{M} \text { total) } \\ \text { 568a (PSE 01335653) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 42,000,000(14.8 \% \text { of 283M total) } \\ \text { 569a (PSE 01335654) } \end{gathered}$ |

## And B-O-B:

The Beacon Airmail was issued July 25, 1928

Printed on SBP from October 9 to November 3, 1928

Quantity Printed on SBP - Not Reported (107M total) C11b (APS 222502)


The Special Delivery is the Scarcest of the 11 Stamps
Printed on SBP only from August 7 to 13, 1928


Quantity Printed - 2,800,000 (4.9\% of 57M total) E13a (PSE 01335655)

Example: Scott \#C11a is for a Vertical Pair, Imperf Between

## And... The Stamps that Started it All!

All the 1928 Special Handling Stamps were Printed only on Special Paper


Examples: Scott \#QE1a, QE2a, and QE3a are for Dry Prints... Which are stamps printed on another paper variety! *
*Look for more changes in the 2021 Edition.

## Rationale for Listing...

- These stamps are recognizably different from their sheet stamp (major listing) counterparts.
- They are akin to "Printer's Waste" listings; they utilized remnant stocks of paper sheets purchased for producing booklet stamps on flat plate presses.
- All early booklet stamps are accorded minor listings.

They have been recognized in Durland for many years.

## Why 1928? Where did this paper come from?



Lindbergh Sheet Stamp:
lssued June. 1927.

After May, 1928, Booklet stamps were printed on Rotary. Presses.


IIndbergh Booklet / Cloa, Issued May. 1928:
The IAST Booklet stamp printed On the flat plate presst

The BEP had excess inventory of Booklet Stamp Paper!

## Booklet Paper Started with Scott \#279B



On Sheet Stamp Paper.


On Booklet Paper.

## April 18, 1900 - The First Booklet!

## $1899-279 B$

## 279B Subletter Varieties:

 "c" rose carmine. also bright carmine rose also pinkish rose carmine " d " orange red, IV, hor. also pale orange red also dark orange red also deep orange red "e" orange red, IV, vert. " f " carmine, IV. also reddish carmine " g " pink, IV. also bright pink " h " vermilion, IV. also pale vermilion "i" brown orange, IV. "j" Bklt, red, IV, hor. also light red also orange red "k" Bklt, red, IV, vert. also orange red" 1 " as 279B, color missing.


On Sheet Stamp Paper.

$$
1902-279 \mathrm{Bk}^{*}
$$




[^0]
## Identification...

- Key Concept: Shrinkage of wet-printed stamps!
- Sheet stamp paper was specified with vertical grain.
- Booklet paper was specified with horizontal grain.
- Drying paper shrinks 4 times more across the grain (than with the grain).
- Plate numbers may be used to assist identification. Plate Number Singles (PNS) also listed in Hebert's.


## Examples...



Very easily seen across three stamps as in plate blocks.

## A closer look...



Requires collector knowledge and skill - be a Philatelist!

## Dyslexic nightmare...



Turn horizontal format stamps for consistent measurement.

## B-O-B Horizontal Format Stamps are Easy...



Wider stamps amplify the impact of shrinkage.

## Tip: A Philatelic Grain Direction "Hack" Expose Paper to Elevated Humidity:



QE4 - Known Vertical Grain


QE2a - Known Horizontal Grain
... or as my nephew calls it: "Shrinky Paper!"

## Why do I call this a tribute?

## Size Differences Between Wet and Dry Printings from Flat Plates

## By Wallace Cleland

USSS \#6470, 1710 University Ave., Madison, WI 53726

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing in 1954 began priating stamps on "dry" paper containing $5-10 \%$ moisture. Previous "wet" printing were on paper containing $15-35 \%$ moisture, but the paper had the nasty habit o ${ }^{c}$ shrinking during drying, particularly across the grain of the paper. This is why booklet stamps from flat plate printings are slightly wider and shorter than sheet st:mps; the grain of the paper was vertical for sheet stamps but horizontal for boo, let stamps.

Most collectors know that both wet and dry printings were made of the Liberty Series stamps, which were printed on rotary presses, except for part of the $8 \phi$ bi-colored issue. Separate plates were used in this case for the two types of printing. But many collectors do not know that four stamps were printed by both the wet and dry process from the same flat plates. These are the first three denominations of the Special Handling stamps (Scott \#QE1-QE3) and the $\$ 5$ Postage Due stamp, Scott \#J78. In these cases Scott gives the earlier wet printings minor numbers (QE1a-QE3a, J78b).

A puzzling example is shown in Figures 9 and 10. In this case the shrinkage of the block of 4 is $2 \%$ in the vertical direction and $0.4 \%$ horizontally. It appears that the grain of the paper was oriented horizontally in this case, rather than vertically. This is reminiscent of the "special paper" printings of 1928 described in the September, 2000 issue of The Specialist. The block of 4 in this case was purchased from the Bloomington, Indiana post office in the early1940s, and thus has to be from a wet printing. Further, since there was not much use for such stamps in Bloomington, this stamp is almost certainly from the initial printing of QE1 from June 25 to July 24, 1928 (the stamp was not reprinted until

November, 1941). The use of the leftover booklet special paper in 1928 is recorded from late July to November. Bureau records do not indicate use of this paper to print Special Handling stamps, but it is possible that some was used in this fashion. Either that, or the normal paper was turned sideways for the
printing. Readers should check their wet printed Special Handling stamps to see which direction the grain of the paper runs and notify the author.

## A literature search turned up this author

## Back in 2005, I knew "something was different."



## Met Wallace Cleland in 2006, and ...


U.S. Stamp Society Dinner held in the BEP

## Took his APS Summer Seminar Course.



## We talked... How about a "close-up" look... I think they're ALL on "Special" Paper!



Wallace said, "O.K. Now prove it!" So I did.

## Starting from his research...

## The United States <br> Specialist

Volume: 71 Number: 9 Year: 2000 Specialist: 847
Article: The "Special" Paper Printings of 1928 Author(s): Wallace Cleland


AUGUST 2003
373
E13 Special Delivery on "Special Paper"
usss $\mathbf{~ 5 6 4 7 0 ,}$ By Wallace Cleland
710 University Ave., Madison, wi 53726


#### Abstract

In the September, 2000 issue, we discussed the 1928 flat plate printings of anitives on "special paper" that was left over from booklet pane production definitives on "special paper" that was left over from booklet pane production once rotary presses were used to print booklet pancs. This paper had the grain once rotary presses were used to print booklet panes. This paper had the grain running sideways, rather than vertically, as was the case for the regular paper used for flat plate printings. Since the paper shrunk more across the grain than with it after the wet printing process, booklet stamps and stamps printed on the special paper are wider and shorter than stamps printed on the regular paper. egular stamps, and also for the 5 c airmail and 15 e Special Delivery. The latter is the scarcest of the printings, with 14,000 shects requisitioned for this print ing from August 7 to 13, 1928. The plates used were 16833-6, and we estimatc that 6 or $7 \%$ of the output from these plates could be on special paper. Ex-- amples have proven very clusive, however, and only plate 16836 has been seen As a result we were pleased to find the single shown in Figure 1. As can be seen by the comparison with the plate single of 16857 , a plate not printed on special paper, the special paper stamp is wider and shorter. While this variety does not at present have catalog listing, plate blocks on special paper will be listed and priced in the next edition of the Durland. Collectors should keep their eyes open for examples, especially on the 15 e Special Delivery stamp, which is so elusive. The best way to identify this variety is to carry an example which is so elusive. The best way to identify this variety is to carry an example on regular paper when going to shows or stamp stores and compare it to any on regular paper when going to shows or stamp stores E13s that are available in the manner shown in Figure 1 .




Figure 1. Comparison of Special Delivery stamp on "special paper" with plate
singles on regular paper.

DECEMBER 2003
E13 Plate Block on "Special Paper"

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { By Wallace Clelaño } \\
\text { Usss } 46470 \quad 1710 \text { Niveritile }
\end{array}
$$

USSS 46470,1710 University Ave., Madison, W1 5372

In the September, 2000 issue we discussed the 1928 flat plate printings on "special paper" left over from booklet production after production of booklet
panes was swithed to the rotary presses. The grain of the special paper was panes was switched that ortary presses. The grain of the special paper was
horizontal, rather than vertical, and since the paper, which was wetted during the printing process, shrunk more across the grain than with it, stamps on special paper are wider and shorter than ones on normal paper.

The scarcest of the printings on special paper is of the 15\& Special Delivery stamp (Scott E13), and we reported in the August issue this year a single we discovered this summer. Now Bob Markovits has sent us a photocopy of a
plate block of E13 on the special paper and this is shown in Figure $\mid$ in comparison with a plate block from the same plate on normal paper. The difference in width is obvious.
This is only the second plate number example reported on special paper
for E13. Plate number 16836 was the only one previously known and for E13. Plate number 16836 was the only one previously know and it was reported by Southgate in 1939 in the American Philatelic Congress Book (pp
27.32). So now we have plate 16833 . Who will be the first to find the other two plates, 16834 and 16835 ?


Actually goes back to Hugh Southgate's discovery in 1940.

## Here's the example in the frame:

The special paper was used for printing of $11 \mathrm{c}, 12 \mathrm{c}, 15 \mathrm{c}, 20 \mathrm{c}, 25 \mathrm{c}$, and 30 c regular stamps, and also for the 5c airmail and $15 c$ Special Delivery. The latter is the scarcest of the printings, with 14,000 sheets requisitioned for this printing from August 7 to 13, 1928. The plates used were 16833-6, and we estimate that 6 or $7 \%$ of the output from these plates could be on special paper. Examples have proven very elusive, however, and only plate 16836 has been seen.
 plate block of E13 on the special paper and this is shown in Figure I in comparison with a plate block from the same plate on normal paper. The difference in

## Ex Markovits

 width is obvious.This is only the second plate number example reported on special paper for E13. Plate number 16836 was the only one previously known and it was reported by Southgate in 1939 in the American Philatelic Congress Book (pp. 27-32). So now we have plate 16833. Who will be the first to find the other two plates, 16834 and 16835 ?

## What's the easiest way to identify SBP?

Cuta template:
(This is a computer graphic image - cropped) For shows, 1 take Regular Paper stamp templates.

Spectal Papar Glelend Gontiol.

## 16834



## What's next?

## Compare to the "Patient":



## What's next?

Superimpose the template on top of the patient":


## And another new discovery:



## Here are template examples I use at shows...

Superimpose the template on top of the "patient":


This "patient" is on Special Booklet Paper.

## Caveats \& Precautions!

## Just bought these at BALPEX as \#566 from "trusted" dealers:


"Bush League" Mistake!! All SBP stamps are perf. 11.
These two are NOT even \#566 type stamps - both are Scott \#696!

## Shop Online...

## The candidate from ebay is perf. 11;

Use computer graphic techniques to measure on the PC:

15¢-566
"Patient"



30¢ Regular Paper Template

## Scott \#566 is the most Challenging:



Statue of Liberty design frame is different from all the others.

## Used Stamps can be easy to ID:

Use a simple atomizer with water; The stamp will "curl" along the grain direction.


Horizontal Grain Direction
(Stamp is turned in the vertical format)

## Here are the $4^{\text {th }}$ Bureaus in the new Specialized...



## C11b in the new Specialized...



## E13b in the new Specialized...



## And... Finally!!! Special Handling Stamps are ALL Listed *


https://www.scottonline.com/2020-scott-specialized-ecatalogue-of-united-states
Watch for changes in the 2021 edition

## Remember this slide?



## How about a future program?

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(ISSN 0164.9233)
(USPS 620-200)

## The United States Specialist



- plus Part Three of America's Conservation Saga -

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# A NEW DISCOVERY! 

Double Transfer Variety on Scott \#569a "Special" Booklet Paper


Figure 1. Certified example of 569a, SBP, with Double Transfer, Plate 16065, Pos UR52, cropped and enlarged, twice, with Double Transfer detail circled in yellow.

## Questions?

## Exercises? Cheat Sheet...

| "Special" Booklet Paper - Plate Numbers at Press from BEP Records (per Southgate) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scott No. | Denom. | Plate Numbers and Notes |
| 563b | 11¢ | 17617, 17618, 17619, 17620 - All narrow gauge margins |
| 564b | 12¢ | 18921, 18922, 18923, 19442 - All wide gauge margins, no stars |
| 566a | 15¢ | 17430, 17431, 17432, 17433* All wide gauge margin, 5 -point star plates |
| 567b | 20¢ | 18672, 18673, 18674, 18675, 18688, 18689 - Wide gauge, star plates |
| 568a | 25¢ | 14062*, 14063, 14064, 14065* - All narrow gauge margins |
| 569a | $30 ¢$ | 17446, 17447, 17448, 17449* - All wide gauge margins, no stars |
| C11b | $5 ¢$ | Red (Frame) Nos. 19571//19626; Blue (Vignette) Nos. 19545//19619 |
| E13a | 15¢ | 16833*, 16834, 16835, 16836 |
| QE1b | 10¢ | 19553, 19554, 19555, 19556 |
| QE2b | 15¢ | 19557, 19558, 19559, 1956 Note: All Plate Nos. also on Regular Paper |
| QE3b | 20¢ | 19541, 19542, 19543, $19544 \quad$ * = Unreported Plate Number (Durland) |

## Exercises? Pricing Comparisons...

| 2020 Scott Catalogue Pricing for Special Booklet Paper Varieties vs. Regular Paper Counterparts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STAMP | MINT LH | NH | USED | PB LH | Durland | PB NH | Block of 4 | On Cover |
| 563 | \$1.25 | \$3.25 | \$0.60 | \$55.00 | \$45.00 | \$70.00 | \$5.50 | \$12.50 |
| 563b | \$1.75 | \$4.00 | \$0.90 | \$90.00 | \$150.00 | \$120.00 | \$45.00 | \$25.00 |
| 564 | \$4.75 | \$10.50 | \$0.35 | \$115.00 | \$110.00 | \$160.00 | \$21.00 | \$12.50 |
| 564b | \$10.00 | \$25.00 | \$1.00 | \$300.00 | \$300.00 | \$500.00 | \$45.00 | \$25.00 |
| 566 | \$16.00 | \$35.00 | \$0.30 | \$275.00 | \$275.00 | \$400.00 | \$70.00 | \$3.50 |
| 566a | \$30.00 | \$65.00 | \$2.00 | \$450.00 | \$600.00 | \$650.00 | \$130.00 | \$12.00 |
| 567 | \$16.00 | \$35.00 | \$0.30 | \$275.00 | \$275.00 | \$400.00 | \$70.00 | \$12.50 |
| 567b | \$35.00 | \$70.00 | \$3.00 | \$500.00 | \$600.00 | \$900.00 | \$150.00 | \$20.00 |
| 568 | \$13.50 | \$30.00 | \$0.75 | \$300.00 | \$275.00 | \$425.00 | \$60.00 | \$27.50 |
| 568a | \$35.00 | \$75.00 | \$3.25 | \$475.00 | \$600.00 | \$675.00 | \$150.00 | \$35.00 |
| 569 | \$22.50 | \$50.00 | \$0.60 | \$325.00 | \$275.00 | \$475.00 | \$100.00 | \$20.00 |
| 569a | \$45.00 | \$100.00 | \$3.50 | \$500.00 | \$600.00 | \$900.00 | \$200.00 | \$35.00 |
| C11 | \$5.50 | \$10.00 | \$0.85 | \$42.50 | \$50.00 | \$57.50 | \$25.00 | \$3.00 |
| C11b | \$9.00 | \$17.50 | \$2.00 | \$100.00 | \$100.00 | \$150.00 | \$40.00 | \$6.00 |
| E13 | \$40.00 | \$75.00 | \$3.75 | \$450.00 | \$400.00 | \$700.00 | --- | \$55.00 |
| E13a | \$85.00 | \$160.00 | \$10.00 | -.- | \$2,000.00 | --- | \$350.00 | \$100.00 |
| QE1 | \$2.00 | \$4.25 | \$1.00 | \$25.00 | \$30.00 | \$40.00 | \$10.00 | NA |
| QE1a | \$5.00 | \$11.00 | \$150.00 | \$75.00 | \$42.00 | \$125.00 | \$25.00 | NA |
| QE1b | \$2.00 | \$4.25 | \$1.00 | \$25.00 | --- | \$40.00 | \$45.00 | \$45.00 |
| QE2 | \$2.25 | \$4.75 | \$0.90 | \$30.00 | \$35.00 | \$47.50 | \$11.00 | NA |
| QE2a | \$5.00 | \$10.00 | \$150.00 | \$80.00 | \$50.00 | \$135.00 | \$25.00 | NA |
| QE2b | \$2.25 | \$4.75 | \$0.90 | \$30.00 | --- | \$47.50 | \$11.00 | \$45.00 |
| QE3 | \$3.75 | \$7.75 | \$1.50 | \$37.50 | \$40.00 | \$60.00 | \$17.50 | NA |
| QE3a | \$7.50 | \$15.00 | \$150.00 | \$85.00 | \$60.00 | \$150.00 | \$37.50 | NA |
| QE3b | \$3.75 | \$7.75 | \$1.50 | \$37.50 | --- | \$60.00 | \$17.50 | \$45.00 |

## Show \& Tell: C23c - 6¢ Air Mail of 1938.

1938 ISSUE
ERROR OF COLOR



From "Stamps" Magazine, August 18, 1945
Emil Bruechig advertisement
Scott \#23c - only ten sheets of 50 stamps each
(a total of 500 stamps) discovered in Texas
"A true error in color"

- Each stamp signed by Bruechig -


Bruechig, Sanabria, Kessler, Bloch or Rumbel.


FTIR-verified C23c example not known without expert's backstamp! We are Soliciting "Ultramarine" Patients for Testing - Contact: rrufe1@aol.com


[^0]:    * Formerly 279Be (279BjS) prior to splitting into two watermark varieties - 279Bj and 279Bk.

